

→ MOON 2020-2030



SITAEL



Foster  
+  
Partners

# TOWARD A 3D PRINTED LUNAR VILLAGE

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Image: F+P, ESA



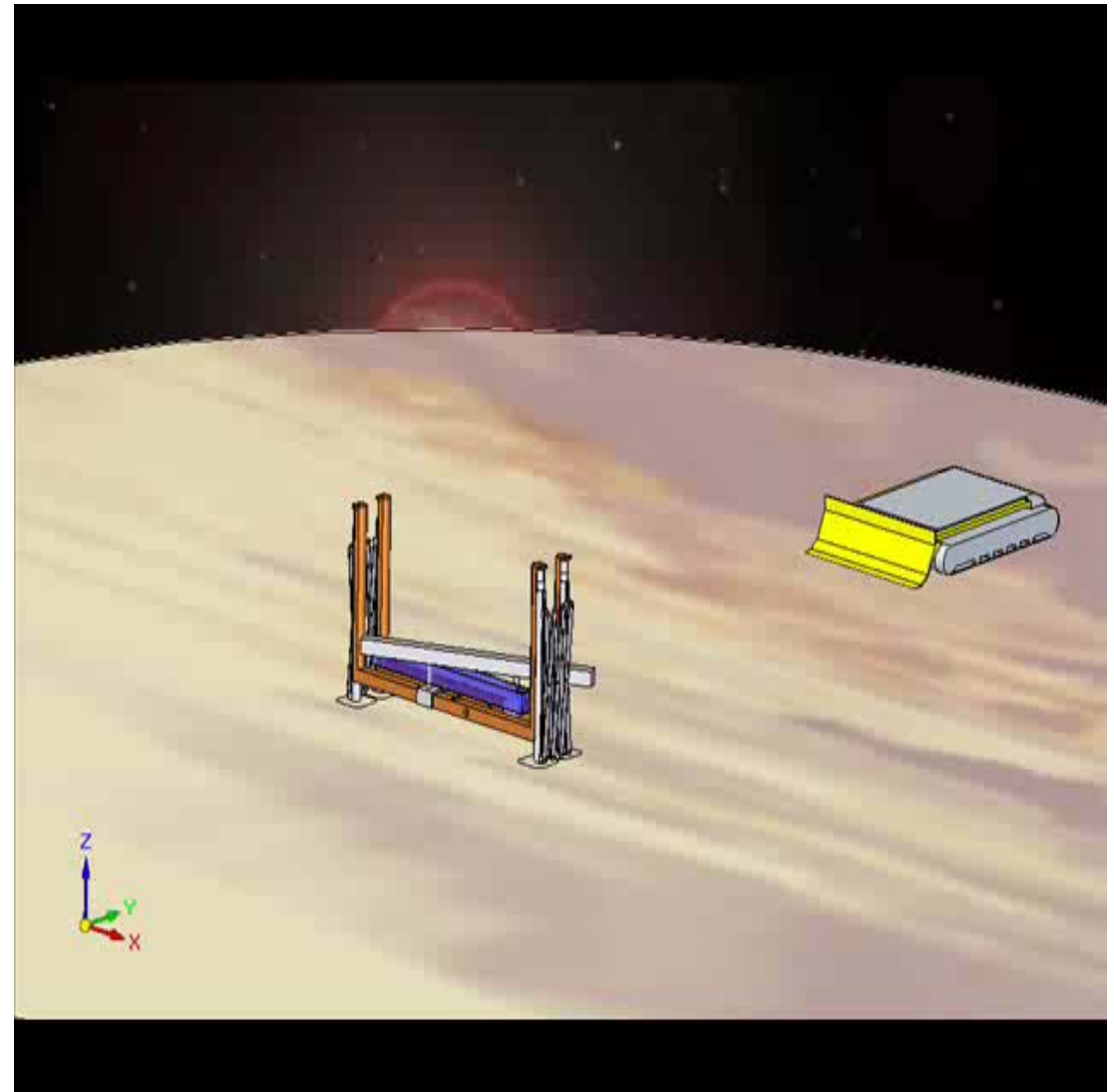
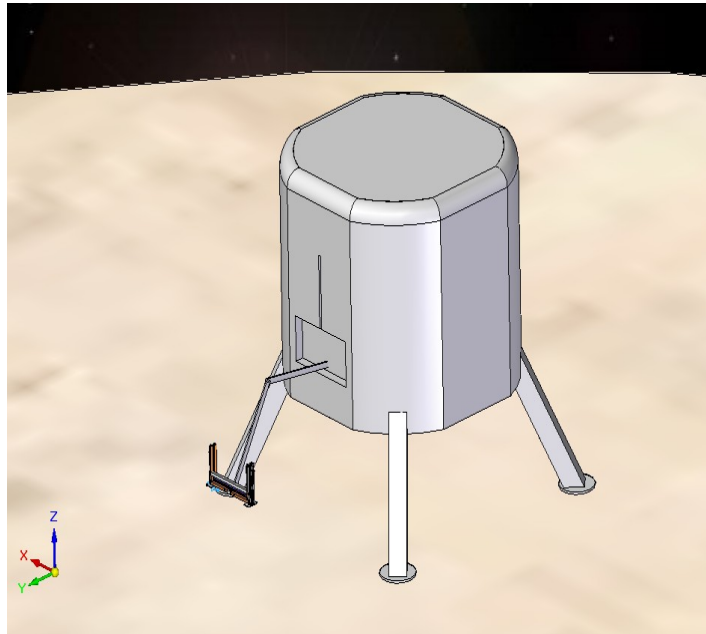








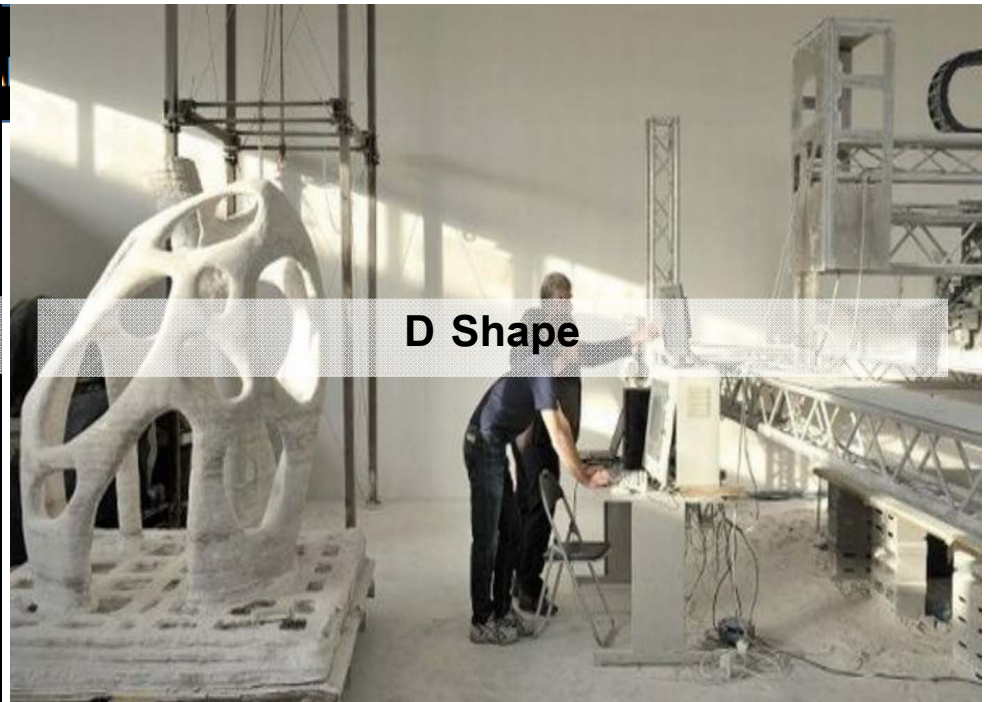








**Sitael**



**D Shape**



**Scuola Superiore de Sant'Anna**



**Specialist Modeling Group |  
Foster+Partners**

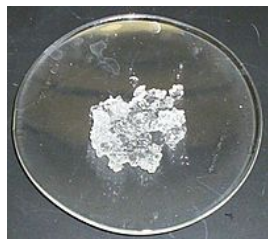




Magnesium oxide



Magnesium chloride

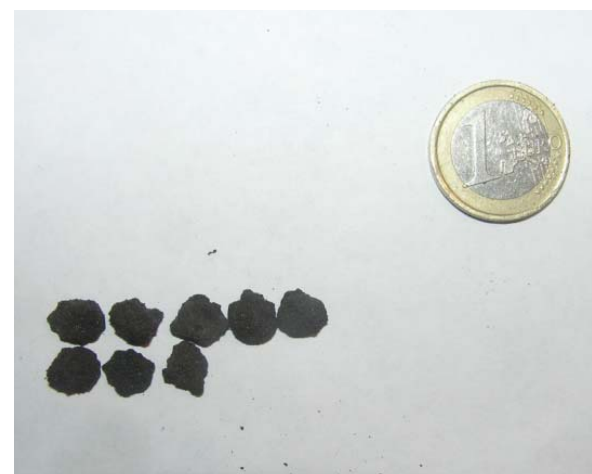
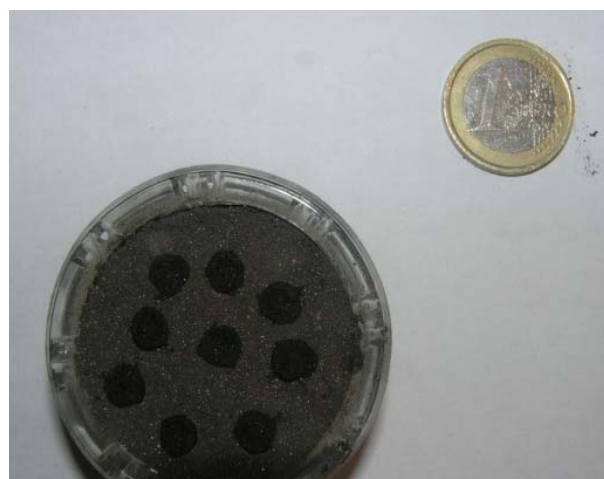


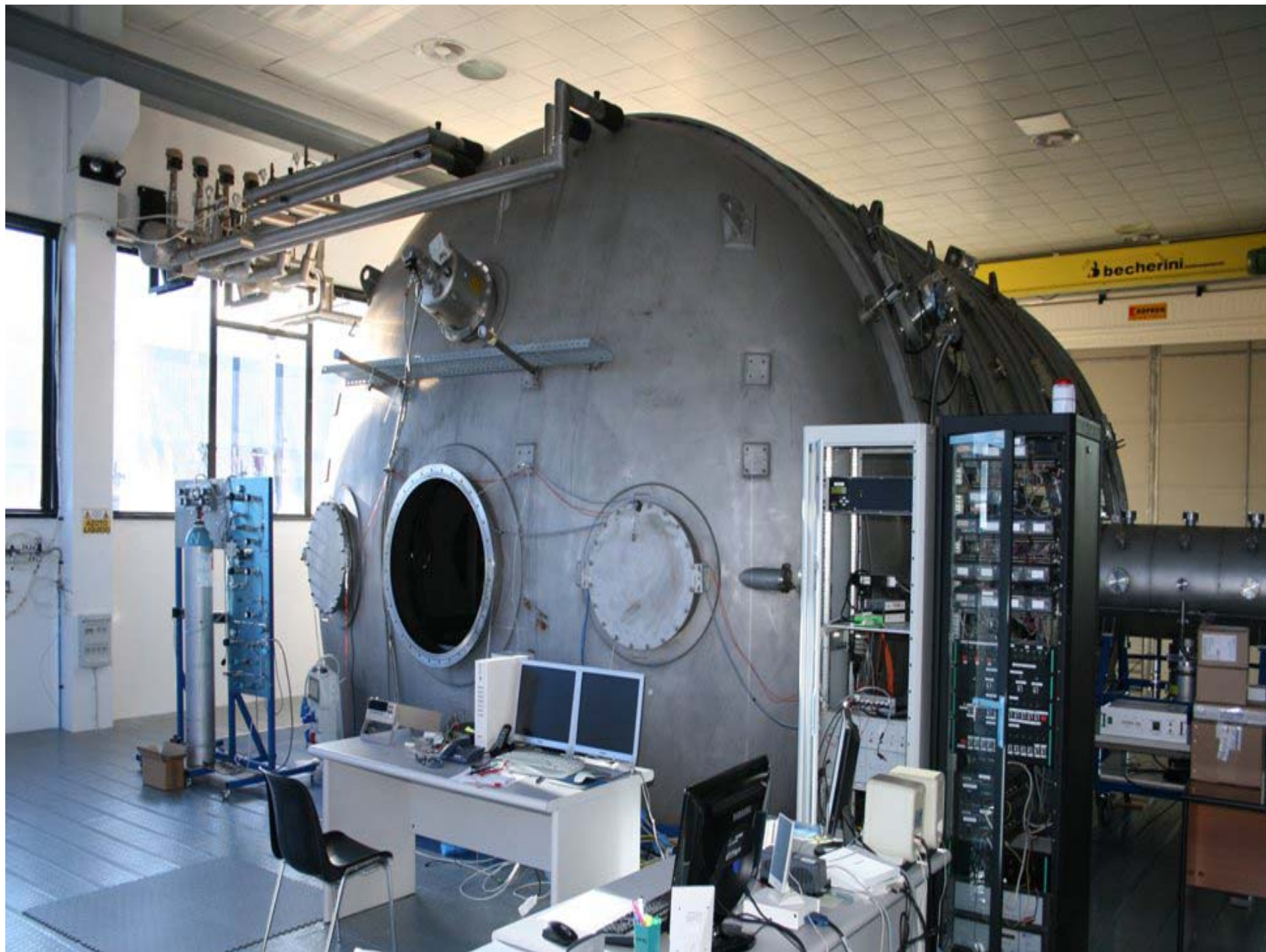
ONLINE STORE - SHOPPING CART

Description	Price	Qty	Amount	
JSC-1A simulant 25 kg	\$650.00	100	\$65000.00	<a href="#">Modify Qty</a>
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>			<b>\$65000.00</b>	

Tax and shipping are calculated upon checkout if applicable.

[Checkout](#)



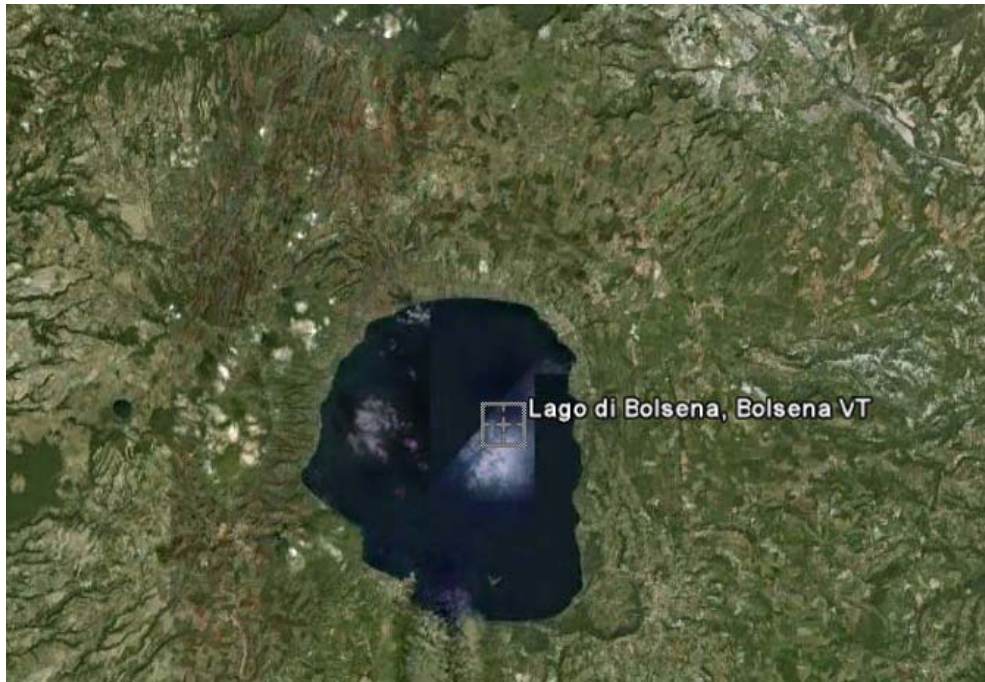












Oxide	DNA-1	JSC-1A	Lunar Soil 14163
	% Weight	% Weight	% Weight
SiO <sub>2</sub>	41,9	41	47,3
TiO <sub>2</sub>	1,31	1,6	1,6
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	16,02	15,9	17,8
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	14,6	18,1	0,0
FeO	0,00	0,00	10,5
MgO	6,34	4,73	9,6
CaO	12,9	13,2	11,4
Na <sub>2</sub> O	2,66	2,5	0,7
K <sub>2</sub> O	2,53	1,05	0,6
MnO	0,213	0,24	0,1
Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0,00	0,03	0,2
P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	0,341	0,63	0,00
LOI	0	0,00	0,00
<b>Total</b>	<b>98,9</b>	<b>99,0</b>	<b>99,8</b>

Major Element composition of DNA-1 compared with JSC-1A and a Moon sample from Apollo missions.

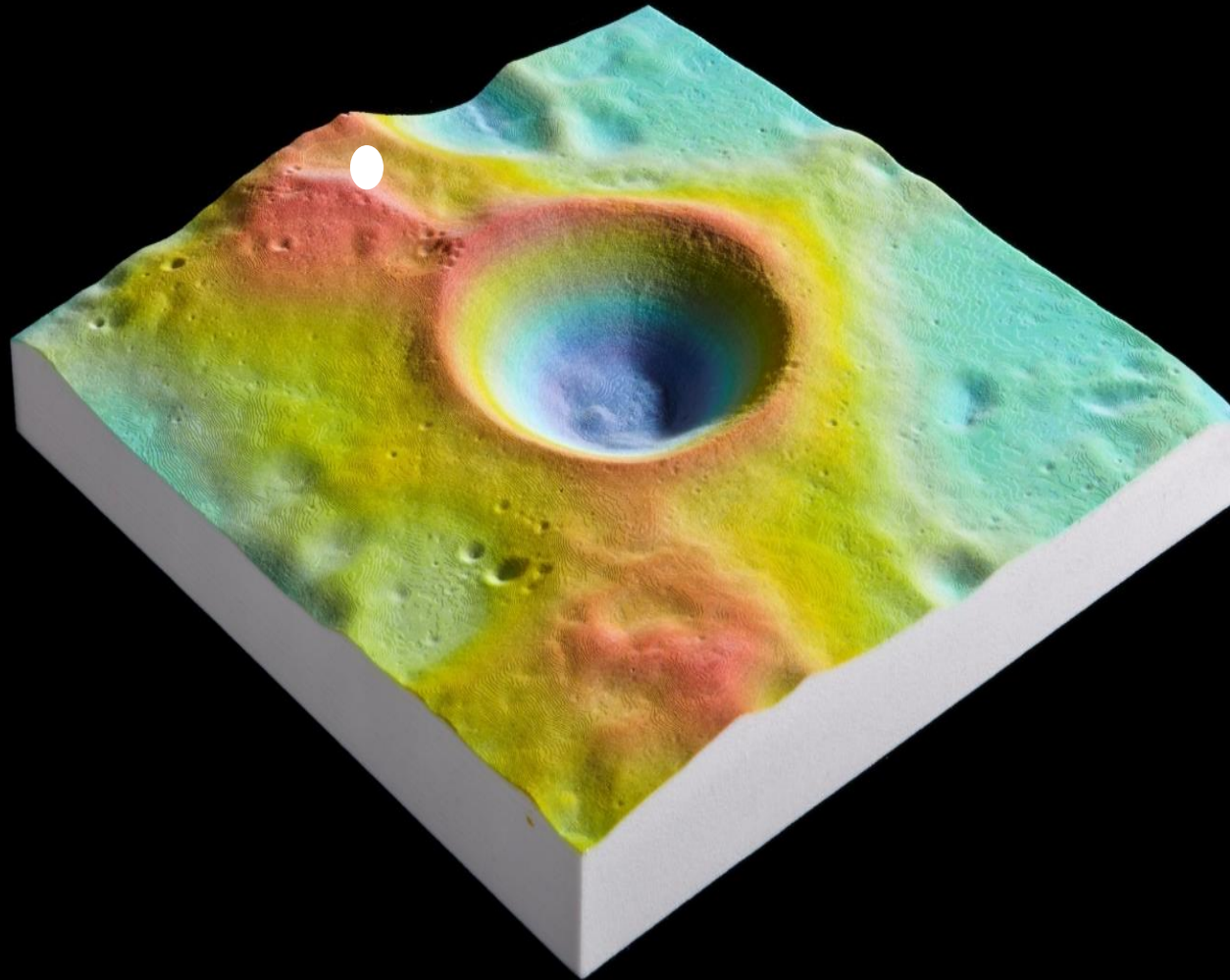
Surroundings of the Bolsena Lake, (Lazio, Italy. Cursor at 42°36'20'' N, 11°57'26'' E)



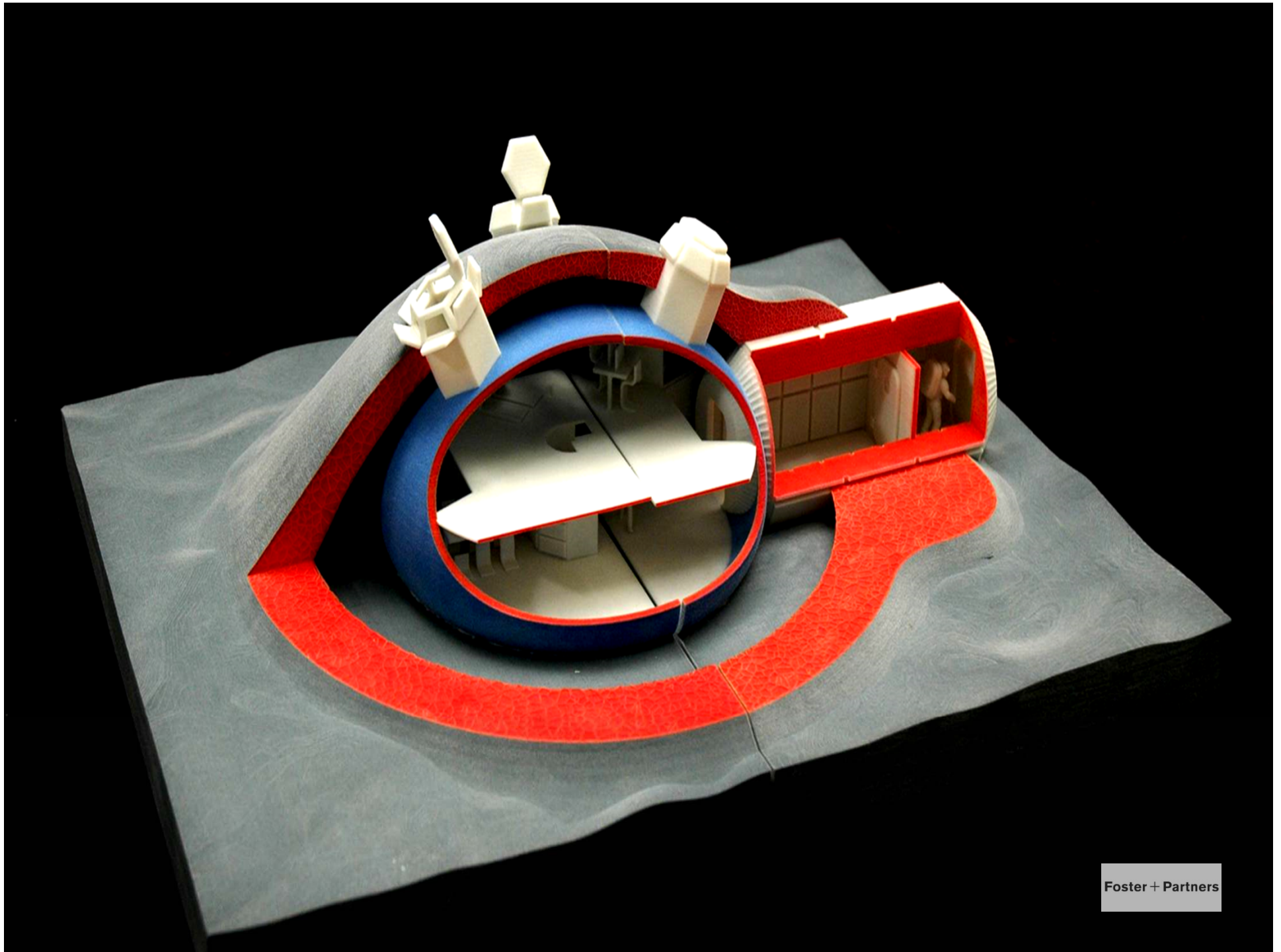


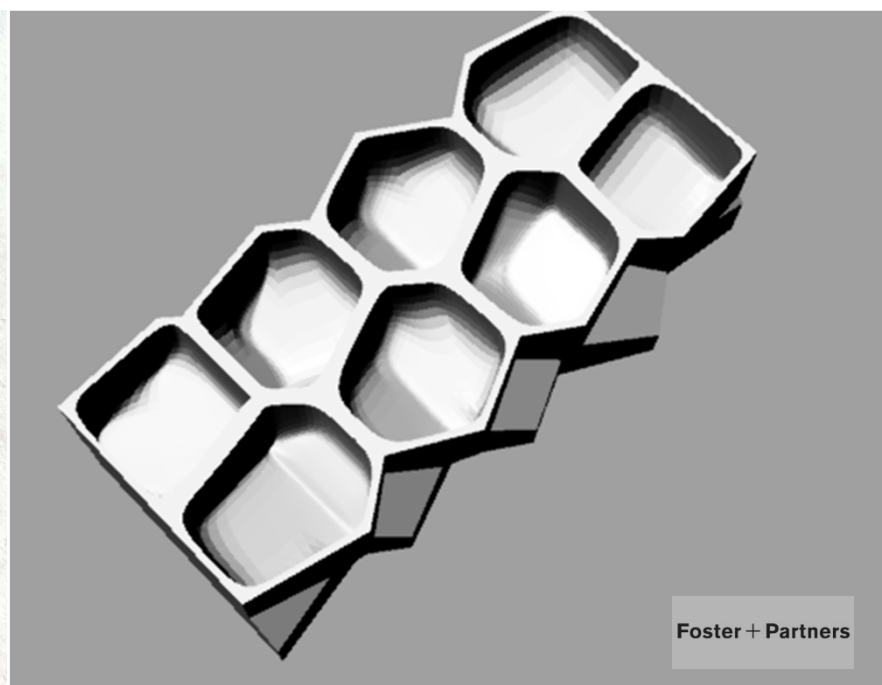
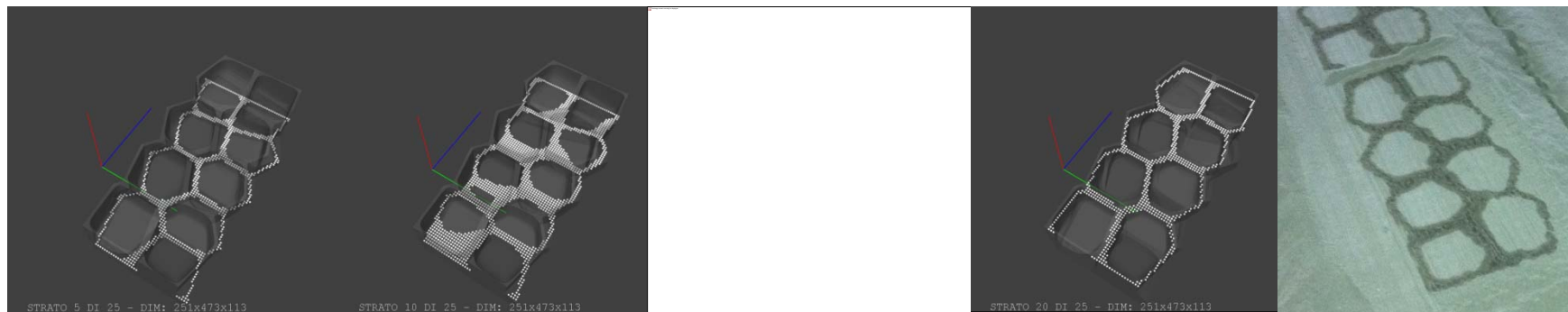






Shackleton Crater









**TOWARD A 3D PRINTED LUNAR VILLAGE**

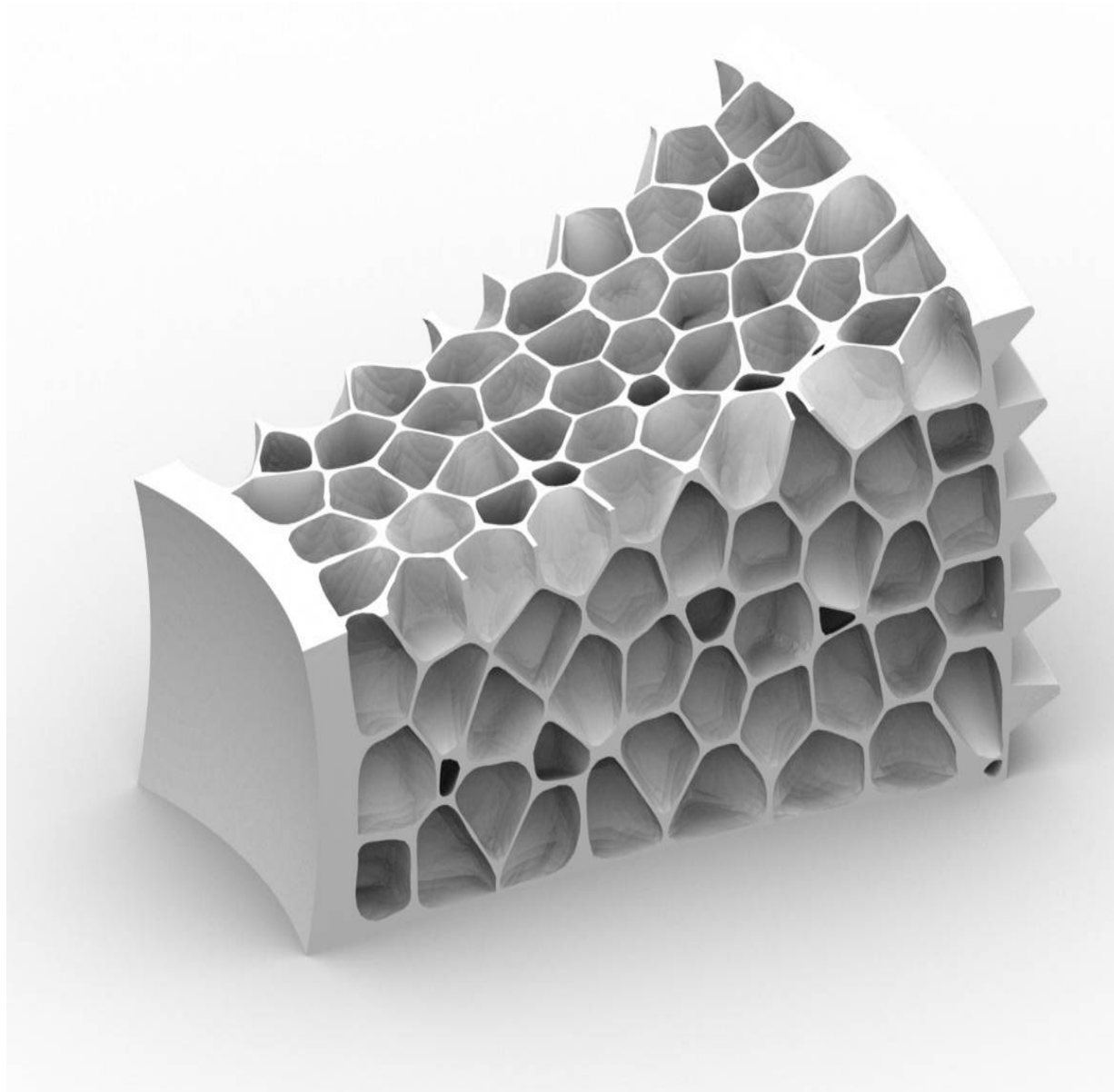
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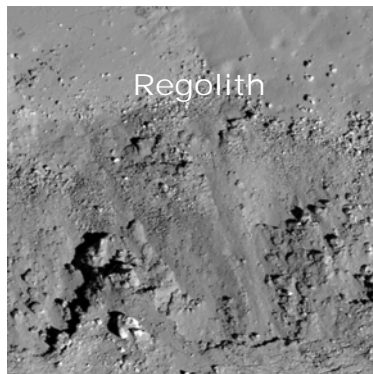


INSTITUTE  
OF COMMUNICATION,  
INFORMATION  
AND PERCEPTION  
TECHNOLOGIES



Scuola Superiore  
Sant'Anna

# AGGLOMERATE POLYURETHANE FOAM



Regolith



Bicomponent polyurethane foam



Before curing reaction



Regular shape by mold



Expansion inflatable structure



# POLYURETHANE FOAM EXPANSION



## Typical expansion rate

1:100 times of liquid

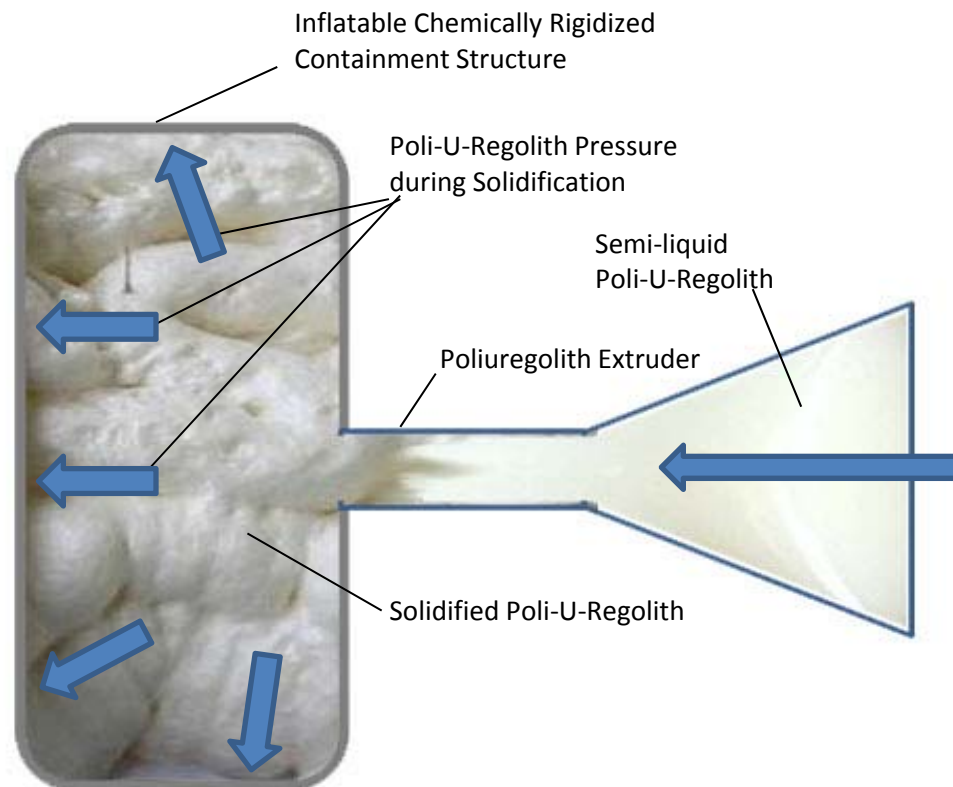
1:200 times of liquid

1:300 times of liquid





# INFLATABLE CONTAINMENT STRUCTURES



The Poli-U-Regolith expansion process inside ICRS

# LUNAR “ORANGE SLICES DOME”

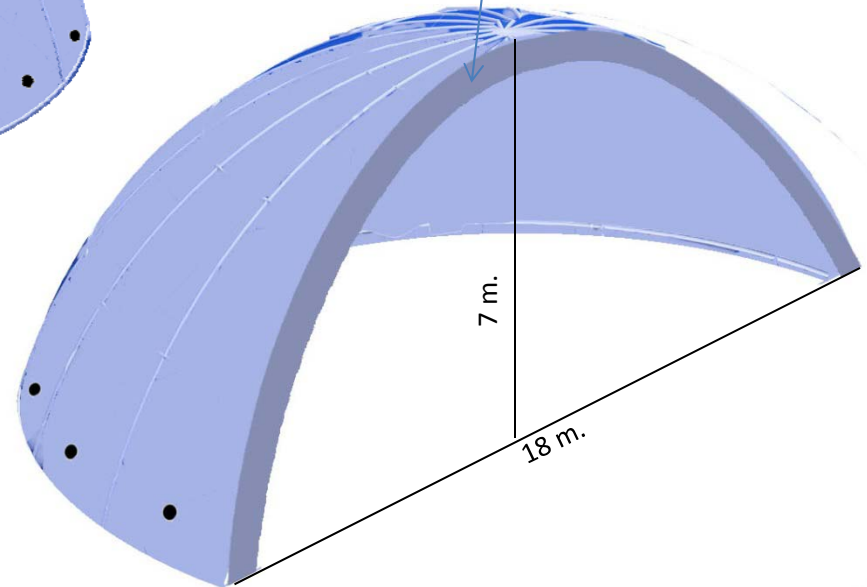
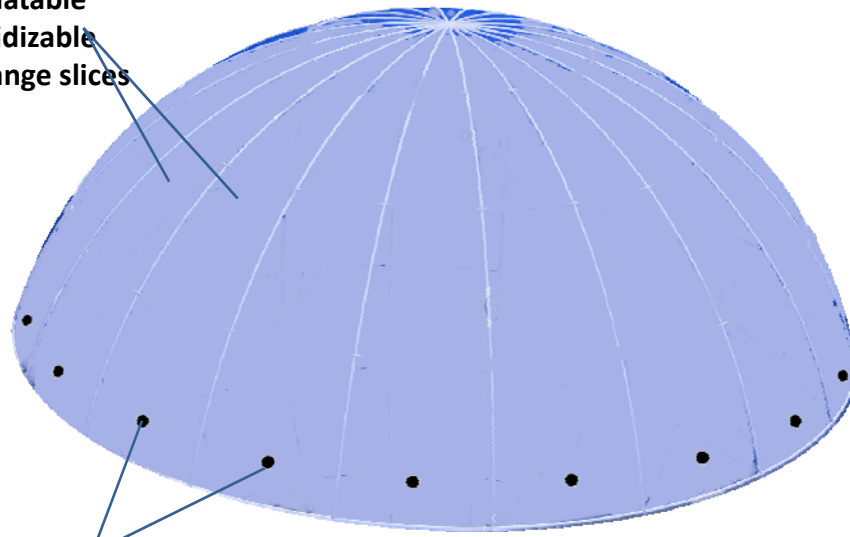
Inflatable  
rigidizable  
orange slices

plugin  
unions

poliuregolith wall

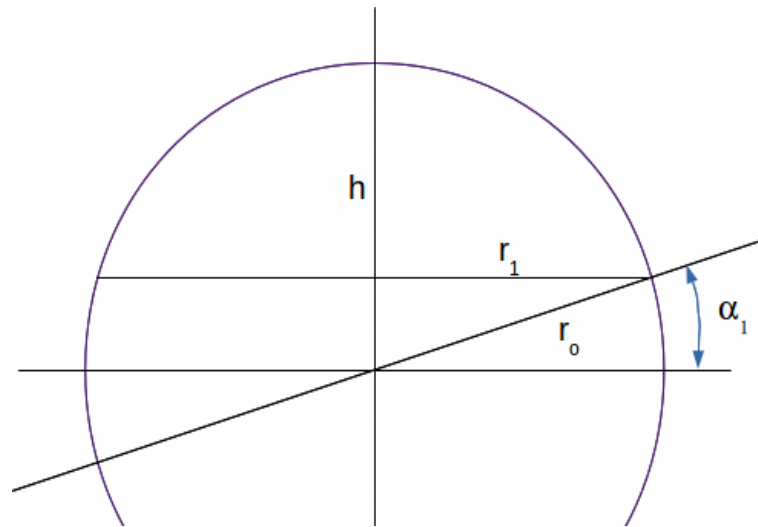
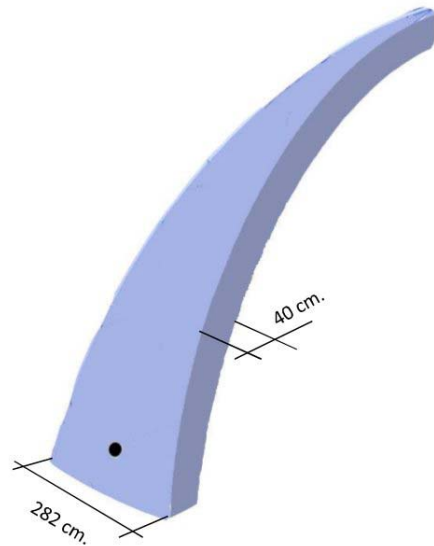
7 m.

18 m.





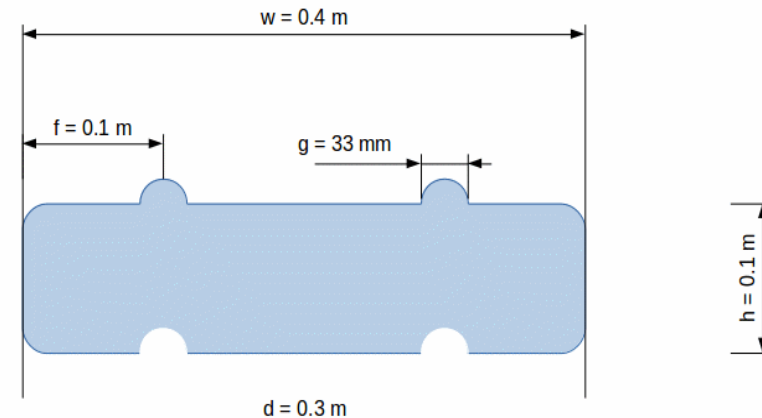
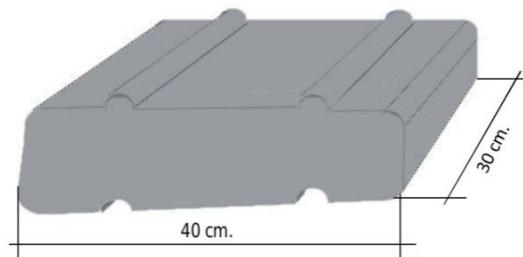
# THE SLICE GEOMETRY



## Geometric parameters:

- ▮ sphere radius 9.286 m
- ▮ meridian arc length 1.3221 radians
- ▮ slice area 49.701 m<sup>2</sup>
- ▮ slice volume 7.6471 m<sup>3</sup>

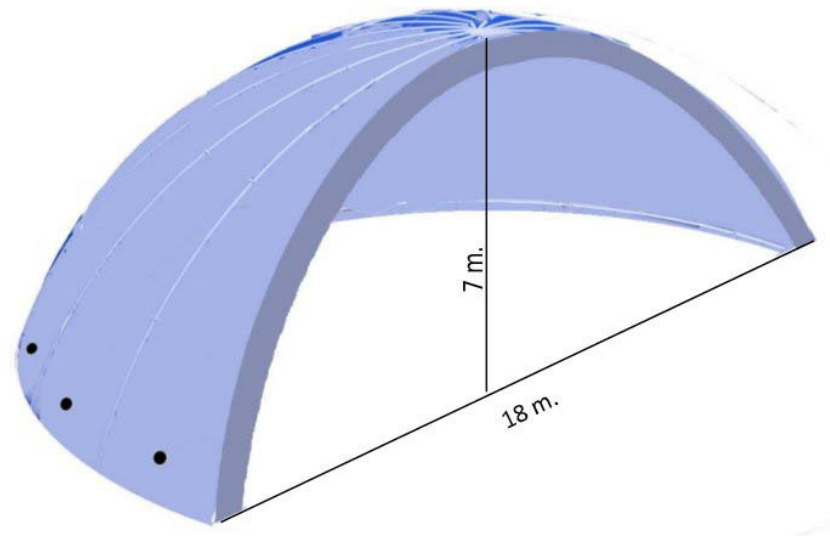
# GEOMETRIC OUTLINE: THE BASIC BUILDING BLOCK



- ▮ Basically a parallelepiped with roundings on the four shorter edges, assumed having the same radius as that of the nubs and groves on the larger faces
- ▮ Geometric parameters:
  - ▮ area  $0.4134 \text{ m}^2$
  - ▮ volume  $0.0119 \text{ m}^3$



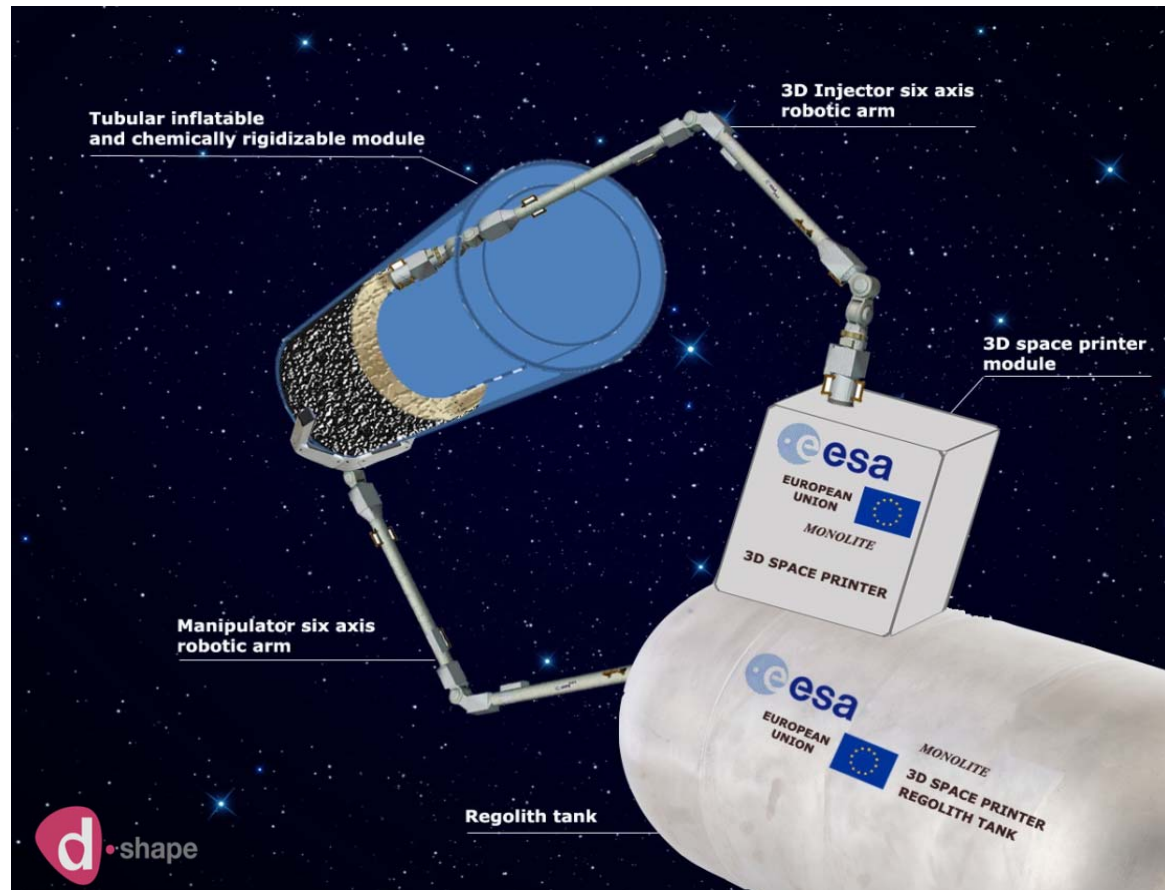
## GEOMETRIC OUTLINE: THE “ORANGE SLICES DOME”



- ▮ Follows the geometry of a spherical cap
- ▮ From the subdivision of the cap into  $n$  slices results the actual modular element
- ▮ A pole hole of finite radius appears opportune for assembling the cap – its radius was not indicated
- ▮ The meridian arc,  $\alpha_o$ , over the cap can be estimated as:

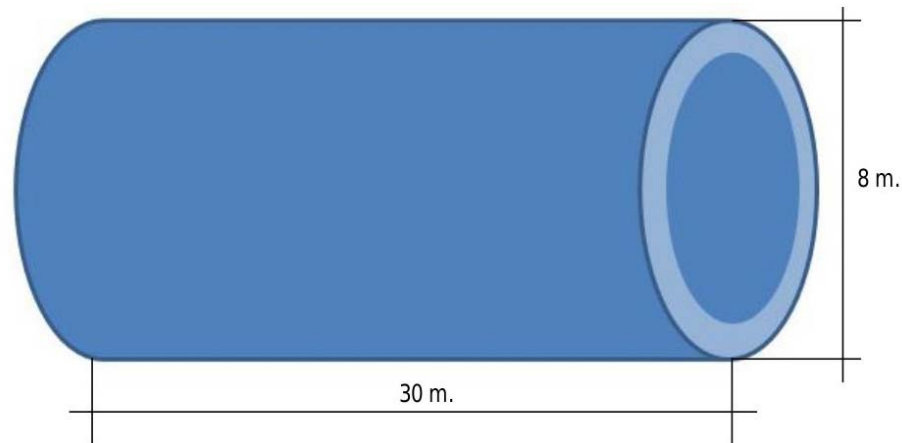
$$\alpha_o = \frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha_1 = \frac{\pi}{2} - \arctan\left(\frac{r_1^2 - h^2}{2hr_1}\right)$$

# 3D PRINTING AT ZERO G, VACUUM CONDITIONS





## GEOMETRIC OUTLINE: THE ZERO-G HABITAT MODULE



- ▮ A cylindrical shell, with a wall thickness taken (conservatively) at 0.8 m
- ▮ To arrive at the required shape,  $m$  radial webs have to connect the two cylindrical membranes (not gas-tight, e.g.  $m = 36$ )
- ▮ Geometric parameters:
  - ▮ area  $1393.359 \text{ m}^2$
  - ▮ radial webs area  $864.0 \text{ m}^2$
  - ▮ volume  $542.867 \text{ m}^3$